

Printing date: 23.02.2023

Version number 13 (replaces version 12)

Revision: 23.02.2023

1.1 Product identifier	
Trade name: Gold plating bath GP 205, 3 g Au/l Goldplattierbad GP 205 3 g Au/l	
Article number:	
86904300	
81020420	
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not approved for private consumers.	
Application of the substance / the mixture Galvanic bath	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier:	
Heimerle + Meule GmbH	
Dennigstrasse 16	
D-75179 Pforzheim	
$T_{alafon} \pm 40(0) 72310400$	
Telefon +49 (0) 7231 940-0 Telefax +49 (0) 7231 940-2199	
www.heimerle-meule.com	
Further information obtainable from:	
Abteilung BASU - Bau/Arbeitssicherheit/Umwelt	
Department BASU - Construction / Occupational Safety / Environment	
sds@heimerle-meule.com	
IATA - 24h Emergency Contact - IATA - 24h Emergency Contact -	
(Dangerous goods emergency number)	
+49 172 739 6970	
1.4 Emergency telephone number:	
DEUTSCHLAND - GERMANY:	
Vergiftungs-Informations-Zentrale Freiburg, ++49 761 19240 (24 h)	
(Poisoning Information Center)	
<u>GREAT BRITAIN:</u>	
National Poisons Information Service +44 121 507 4123	
Members of the public seeking specific information on poisons should contact: In England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111 - In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111	
IRELAND	
+353 1 809 2166 (7 Days 8 am -10 pm)	
Healthcare Professionals: +353 1 809 2566	
$\frac{ITALY}{I_{\text{restrict}}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{i_{\text{rest}}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{i_{\text{rest}}$	
Istituto Superiore di Sanità (ISS) +3906499906140 Centro Antiveleni	
Bergamo: +39 800 883300	
Firenze +39 055 794 7819	
Milano: +39 055 794 7819	
Roma +39 06 68593726	
Roma +39 06 49978000 Roma +39 06 3954343	
KOMA +39 06 3934345 KROATIA - REPUBLIKA HRVATSKA:	
(+385) 01 2348 342	
ESTLAND - ESTONIA:	
Tervisemeti Mürgistusteabekeskuse	
National (24/7): 16662	
(+372) 7943 794	(Contd. on pag



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<u>LETTLAND - LATVIA:</u> Valsts Toksikoloģijas centrs, Saindēšanās un zāļu informācijas centrs, (24h) 112 (24h) +371 67042473 <u>LITAUEN - LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKA:</u> Poison Information Bureau (24/7), Tel.: +8 5 236 20 52 Apsinuodijimų informacijos biuras





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(Contd. of page 2) · Hazard statements H332 Harmful if inhaled. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350i May cause cancer by inhalation. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. · Precautionary statements P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P321 Specific treatment (see on this label). P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. • Additional information: Restricted to professional users. · 2.3 Other hazards · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment · **PBT:** Not applicable. · vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components / Inf	formation on ingredients:	
CAS: 10043-35-3	boric acid; boric acid, crude natural, containing notmore than	1-<2.5%
EINECS: 233-139-2	85 per cent of H3BO3 calculated onthe dry weight; Boraric acid	
Index number: 005-007-00-2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
RTECS: ED 4550000	🚸 Repr. 1B, H360FD	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119486683-25	Specific concentration limit: Repr. 1B; H360: $C \ge 5.5$ %	
CAS: 13967-50-5	Potassium dicyanoaurate	0.438%
EINECS: 237-748-4	Acute Tox. 2, H300; Acute Tox. 2, H330	
Reg.nr.: 01-2120130777-52	Net. Corr.1, H290; Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	🚯 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
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& Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Muta. 2, H341; Carc. 1A, H350i; Repr.	0.20
Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Specific concentration limits: STOT RE 1; H372: $C \ge 1$ %	
STOT RE 2; H373: 0.1 % $\leq C < 1$ %	
<i>Skin Irrit. 2; H315: C ≥ 20 %</i>	
<i>Skin Sens.</i> 1; <i>H317</i> : $C \ge 0.01$ %	
sulphuric acid; sulfuric acid	<0.1%
<i>♦ Met. Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1A, H314</i>	
Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 15$ %	
<i>Skin Irrit.</i> 2; H315: $5 \% \le C < 15$	
%	
<i>Eye Irrit.</i> 2; H319: $5 \% \le C < 15$	
	nickel sulphate; nickel sulfate Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Muta. 2, H341; Carc. 1A, H350i; Repr. 1B, H360D; STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limits: STOT RE 1; H372: $C \ge 1$ % STOT RE 2; H373: 0.1 % $\le C < 1$ % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $C \ge 20$ % Skin Sens. 1; H317: $C \ge 0.01$ % sulphuric acid; sulfuric acid Met. Corr. 1, H290; Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 15$ % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 5 % $\le C < 15$ %

• Additional information:

The potassium goldcyanide - K[Au(CN)2] - , which is used at the preparation, has a strong complexity and is also very strong pH- buffert.

Arelease of the cyanide containing (a formation of very poisoning hydrocyanic acid) is only possible by addition of a big quantity of concentrated acids.

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

• 4.1 Description of first aid measures

• General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product. Personal protection for the First Aider. Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down. Involve doctor immediately after a accident or unwell

• After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

- In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.
- *After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.*
- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing:
- Call a doctor immediately.
- Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- Cyanides poisoning

Cyanosis

• **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** *No further relevant information available.*

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:



Water with full jet

- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture In case of fire, the following can be released: Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- *Protective equipment: Wear fully protective suit.*

Mount respiratory protective device.



Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Beware: Filter masks provide protection for a short period of time only. They should only be used in exceptional cases, that is if a small amount of the substance has spilled out or in order to fight spillages and fire

[•]Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Mount respiratory protective device. Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Only handle and refill product in closed systems. · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water. • 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13. Ensure adequate ventilation. · 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information. GB

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Keep receptacles tightly sealed.
- Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
- Open and handle receptacle with care.
- he usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.
- Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities. Do not dry clean dust covered objects and floors. Wash thoroughly with plenty of water.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection: Keep respiratory protective device available.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:** Observe official regulations on storing packagings . Observe official regulations on storing packagings .
- Prevent any seepage into the ground.
- *Information about storage in one common storage facility:* Store away from flammable substances. Store away from foodstuffs.
- Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed.
- Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.
- Storage class: 6.1 D
- 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric	alues that require monitoring at the workplace:	
AGW (Germany)	Long-term value: $0.5* \text{ mg/m}^3$	
	2(I); *einatembar; AGS, Y, 10	
CAS: 13967-50-5 Potas	sium dicyanoaurate	
WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m ³	
	as CN; Sk	
MAK (Germany)	Long-term value: $2E mg/m^3$	
	als CN	
CAS: 7786-81-4 nickel s	sulphate	
WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 0.1 mg/m ³	
	as Ni; Sk; Carc; Sen	
BOELV (European Unio	n) Long-term value: 0.1^* mg/m^3	
, ,	as Ni; sens. dermal/resp. *inhalable	
AGW (Germany)	Long-term value: $0.030E \text{ mg/m}^3$	
	8(II); AGS, Sh, Y, 10, 24, 31	
TRGS 910 (Germany)	Short-term value: $0.006 (A) \text{ mg/m}^3$	
	Long-term value: $0.006 (A) \text{ mg/m}^3$	
	8, Konzentrationen beziehen sich auf Ni-Gehalt	
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CAS: 7664-93-9 sulp	(Contd. of pag
AGW (Germany)	Long-term value: $0.1 E mg/m^3$ 1(1); DFG, EU, Y
Regulatory informat AGW (Germany): TR WEL (Great Britain): MAK (Germany): MA BOELV (European U Additional informati	on GS 900 EH40/2020 K- und BAT-Liste nion): EU 2022/431
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineer Individual protection General protective an The usual precaution Keep away from food Immediately remove of Wash hands before by Store protective cloth Do not inhale gases / Avoid contact with th Avoid contact with th According to EC Dire Respiratory protection Use suitable respirate In case of brief expos use self-contained ress Beware: Filter mass exceptional cases, the fire. according to EN 14387 according to EN 143	ing controls No further data; see item 7. measures, such as personal protective equipment ad hygienic measures: ary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. stuffs, beverages and feed. all soiled and contaminated clothing reaks and at the end of work. ing separately. fumes / aerosols. e eyes. e eyes and skin. pective 89/686/EEC
Protect	ctive gloves
Only use chemical-pr Sensibilisation by the Check the permeabili The glove material ha Selection of the glo degradation Prior to working with softening due to persy Material of gloves Nitrile rubber, NBR Recommended thickn The selection of the s and varies from man	as reduce the wearing of gloves to the required minimum. otective gloves with CE-labelling of category III. components in the glove materials is possible. ty prior to each anewed use of the glove. us to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. we material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and a gloves the rubbing in with tanniferous skin-protecting agents for the avoidance of s piration is recommended. ess of the material: ≥ 0.6 mm uitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of qua ufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, e material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the substance of the substances.



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application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

The determined penetration times according to EN 16523-1:2015 are not performed under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time, which corresponds to 50% of the penetration time, is recommended.

For the mixture of chemicals mentioned below the penetration time has to be at least 480 minutes (Permeation according to EN 374 Part 3: Level 3).

Value for the permeation: Level ≤ 3

• *Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials: Strong material gloves Leather gloves*

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

according to EN 166 • **Body protection:** Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical p	properties	
· General Information		
· Physical state	Fluid	
· Colour:	Light blue	
· Odour:	Product specific	
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.	
• Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.	
· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling		
range	100°C (212°F)	
· Flammability	Not applicable.	
· Lower and upper explosion limit		
· Lower:	Not determined.	
· Upper:	Not determined.	
· Flash point:	Not applicable.	
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
· pH at 20°C (68°F)	1.5	
· Viscosity:		
· Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.	
· Dynamic:	Not determined.	
· Solubility		
· water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.	
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.	
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.	
· Density and/or relative density		
· Density:	Not determined.	
· Relative density	Not determined.	
· Vapour density	Not determined.	
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9.2 Other information	
Appearance:	
Form:	Liquid
Important information on protection of heal	lth and
environment, and on safety.	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
Change in condition	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Information with regard to physical hazard	classes
Explosives	Void
Flammable gases	Void
Aerosols	Void
Oxidising gases	Void
Gases under pressure	Void
Flammable liquids	Void
Flammable solids	Void
Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
Pyrophoric liquids	Void
Pyrophoric solids	Void
Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void
Substances and mixtures, which emit flamm	able
gases in contact with water	Void
Oxidising liquids	Void
Oxidising solids	Void
Organic peroxides	Void
Corrosive to metals	Void
Desensitised explosives	Void

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability

• Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Reacts with acids, alkalis and oxidising agents.

• 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.

- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: Acids
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)

Oral LD50 6,621 mg/kg

Inhalative LC50/4 h 11.4 mg/l (rat)

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

Oral LD50 2,660 mg/kg (rat)

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CAS: 139	67-50-5 Po	tassium dicyanoaurate	
Oral	LD50	29 mg/kg (Rat)	
Inhalative	e LC50/4 h	0.05 mg/l /(ATE) (rat)	
CAS: 778	6-81-4 nick	el sulphate	
Oral	LD50	500 mg/kg (ATE)	
Inhalative	e LC50/4 h	1.5 mg/l (ATE)	
· Skin corr	osion/irrita	tion Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
		irritation Causes serious eye damage.	
· Respirato	ry or skin s	ensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
· Carcinog	enicity May	cause cancer by inhalation.	
· 11.2 Info	rmation on	other hazards	

· Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not applicable.
- *PBT:* Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- Remark: Harmful to fish
- Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

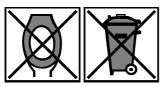
At present there are no ecotoxicological assessments.

-

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground. Harmful to aquatic organisms

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation



Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Contact manufacturer for recycling information.

· Waste disposal key:

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

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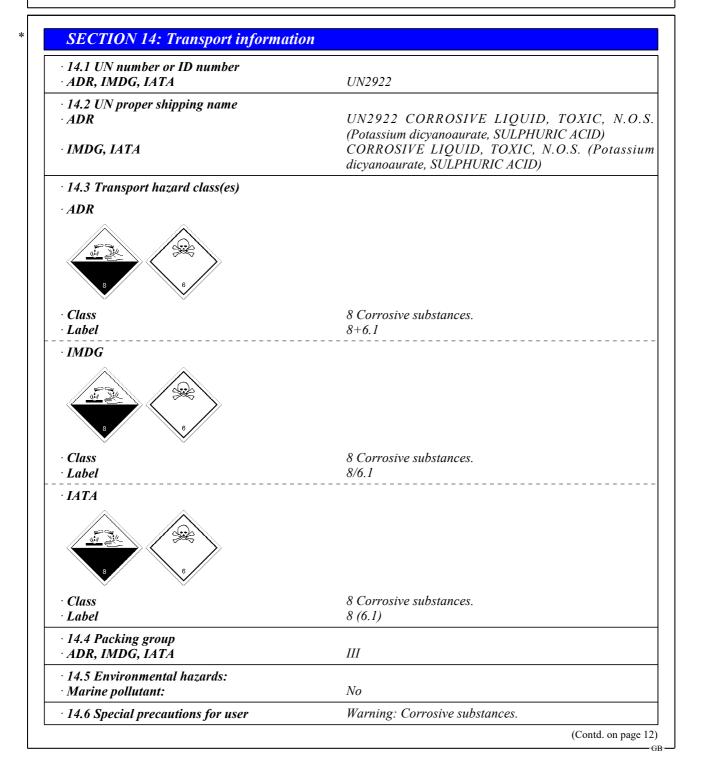
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· Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Packaging which is uncleaned or soiled with product remains is to be treated like the product itself Packaging free of product remains is to be supplied refuse for recycling. Only if no adequate collecting system is available, they may be disposed of through the domestic rubbish





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Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	86
EMS Number:	F-A,S-B
Stowage Category	В
Stowage Code	SW2 Clear of living quarters.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	10
instruments	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: El
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
Transport category	3
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E1
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
IATA	
Remarks:	
	24h emergency contact -
	(Dangerous goods emergency number)
	+49 172 739 6970
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S
-	(POTASSIUM DICYANOAURATE, SULPHURIC ACID
	8 (6.1), III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 4 July 2012 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances, amending and subsequently repealing Council Directive 96/82/EC

· GADSL - Global	Automotive Declarable Substance List	
CAS: 10043-35-3	boric acid	D/P(LR)
CAS: 7786-81-4	nickel sulphate	D(FI)

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t

• Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t

· National regulations:

• Additional classification according to Decree on Hazardous Materials, Annex II: Carcinogenic hazardous material group III (dangerous).

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· Information about limitation of use:

Workers are not allowed to be exposed to the hazardous carcinogenic materials contained in this preparation. Exceptions can be made by the authorities in certain cases. Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed. Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed. Employment restrictions concerning women of child-bearing age must be observed.

• Technical instructions (air):

Class	Share in %
II	0,25-0,5

· Waterhazard class: .

· Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations -

· Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

• 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Reasons for revise

If necessary, this saftey data sheet can revised according to legal guidelines.

Our current version for your reference is available on our website www.heimerle-meule.com

· Relevant phrases

- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H300 Fatal if swallowed.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H330 Fatal if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
- H360D May damage the unborn child.
- H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- *H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.*
- · Department issuing SDS:

Abteilung BASU - Bau/Arbeitssicherheit/Umwelt Department BASU - Construction / Occupational Safety / Environment

sds@heimerle-meule.com

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· Contact:
Herr Thomas Knuth
thomas.knuth@heimerle-meule.com
sds@heimerle-meule.com
· Abbreviations and acronyms:
RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the
International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)
AwSV: Ordinance on facilities for handling water-polluting substances (German regulation).
TRGS: Technical rules for hazardous substances (German regulation)
ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the
International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Met. Corr.1: Corrosive to metals – Category 1
Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Resp. Sens. 1: Respiratory sensitisation – Category 1 Shin Song, I. Shin constitution – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1 Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2
Carc. 1A: Carcinogenicity – Category 1Ai
Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B
Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3
* * Data compared to the previous version altered.