

Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

· Article number: 86909100

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not approved for private consumers.

· Application of the substance / the mixture

Electroplating auxiliary

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Heimerle + Meule GmbH Dennigstrasse 16 D-75179 Pforzheim

Telefon +49 (0) 7231 940-0 Telefax +49 (0) 7231 940-2199 www.heimerle-meule.com

Further information obtainable from:

Abteilung BASU - Bau/Arbeitssicherheit/Umwelt Department BASU - Construction / Occupational Safety / Environment sds@heimerle-meule.com

IATA - 24h Emergency Contact - IATA - 24h Emergency Contact - (Dangerous goods emergency number) +49 172 739 6970

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

DEUTSCHLAND - GERMANY:

Vergiftungs-Informations-Zentrale Freiburg, ++49 761 19240 (24 h)

(Poisoning Information Center)

GREAT BRITAIN:

National Poisons Information Service +44 121 507 4123

Members of the public seeking specific information on poisons should contact:

In England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111 - In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111 IRELAND

+353 1 809 2166 (7 Days 8 am -10 pm)

Healthcare Professionals: +353 1 809 2566

ITALY:

*Istituto Superiore di Sanità (ISS) +3906499906140* 

Centro Antiveleni

Bergamo: +39 800 883300 Firenze +39 055 794 7819

Milano: +39 055 794 7819 Roma +39 06 68593726

Roma +39 06 49978000 Roma +39 06 3954343

KROATIA - REPUBLIKA HRVATSKA:

 $\overline{(+385)} \ 01 \ 2348 \ 342$ 

ESTLÁND - ESTONIA:

Tervisemeti Mürgistusteabekeskuse

National (24/7): 16662 (+372) 7943 794

(Contd. on page 2)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 1)

### LETTLAND - LATVIA:

Valsts Toksikoloģijas centrs, Saindēšanās un zāļu informācijas centrs,

(24h) 112

(24h) +371 67042473

LITAUEN - LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKA:

Poison Information Bureau (24/7), Tel.: +8 5 236 20 52

Apsinuodijimų informacijos biuras

.

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 2 H300 Fatal if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 1 H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 1 H330 Fatal if inhaled.



health hazard

STOT RE 1 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



corrosion

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

(Contd. on page 3)

Heimerle + Meule
Heimerle + Meule

Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 2)

### · Hazard pictograms



#### · Signal word Danger

# · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Potassium cyanide potassium dicyanoargentate potassium carbonate

#### · Hazard statements

H300+H310+H330 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

*H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.* 

### · Precautionary statements

*P273* Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

# · Additional information:

EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

CAS: 151-50-8	Potassium cyanide	25-50%
	♠ Acute Tox. 1, H300; Acute Tox. 1, H310; Acute Tox. 1,	
Index number: 006-007-00-5	H330	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119486407-29-xxxx	<b>♦</b> STOT RE 1, H372	
	Met. Corr.1, H290	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	ĚUH032	
CAS: 506-61-6	potassium dicyanoargentate	25%
Reg.nr.: 01-2120753799-33-0001	Acute Tox. 2, H300; Acute Tox. 1, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330	
	♠ Met. Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	EUH032	

itu. on page 4)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

CAS: 584-08-7 potassium carbonate 10-25% | Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### · 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

RTECS: TS 7750000

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Personal protection for the First Aider.

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

Involve doctor immediately after a accident or unwell

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately rinse with water.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

A person vomiting while laying on their back should be turned onto their side.

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

- · Information for doctor: Cyanides poisoning
- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Cyanosis

Cyanides poisoning

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded, e.g.:

Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 4)

Mount respiratory protective device.



Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

#### · Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Mount respiratory protective device.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

*Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.* 

Only handle and refill product in closed systems.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Keep contaminated washing water and dispose of appropriately.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/surface or ground water.

#### · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

### · 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

 $See \ Section \ 8 \ for \ information \ on \ personal \ protection \ equipment.$ 

See Section 13 for disposal information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Any unavoidabledeposit of dust must be regularly removed.

Thorough dedusting.

Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

he usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not dry clean dust covered objects and floors. Wash thoroughly with plenty of water.

- Information about fire and explosion protection: Keep respiratory protective device available.
- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:

### · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Provide solvent resistant, sealed floor.

Observe official regulations on storing packagings.

Observe official regulations on storing packagings.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

#### · Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from flammable substances.

Do not store together with acids.

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 5)

Store away from foodstuffs.

Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.



Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

- · Storage class: 6.1 B
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

CAS: 151-50-8 Potassium cyanide		
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 5 mg/m³ Long-term value: 1 mg/m³ Sk, as CN	
IOELV (European Union)	Short-term value: 5 mg/m³ Long-term value: 1 mg/m³ Skin; as cyanide	
AGW (Germany)	Long-term value: 1 E mg/m³ 5(II);EU, H, Y	
CAS: 506-61-6 potassium	dicyanoargentate	
AGW (Germany)	Long-term value: 0.01E mg/m³ 2(I);DFG,EU,10	

### Regulatory information

WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020

IOELV (European Union): (EU) 2019/1831

AGW (Germany): TRGS 900

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

According to EC Directive 89/686/EEC

# · Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Beware: Filter masks provide protection for a short period of time only. They should only be used in exceptional cases, that is if a small amount of the substance has spilled out or in order to fight spillages and fire.

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 6)

according EN 14387 according to EN 143

- Recommended filter device for short term use: Combination filter B-P2
- · Hand protection



Protective gloves

according to EN 374

To avoid skin problems reduce the wearing of gloves to the required minimum.

Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.

Sensibilisation by the components in the glove materials is possible.

Check the permeability prior to each anewed use of the glove.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Prior to working with gloves the rubbing in with tanniferous skin-protecting agents for the avoidance of skin softening due to perspiration is recommended.

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

The determined penetration times according to EN 16523-1:2015 are not performed under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time, which corresponds to 50% of the penetration time, is recommended.

For the mixture of chemicals mentioned below the penetration time has to be at least 480 minutes (Permeation according to EN 374 Part 3: Level 3).

*Value for the permeation:* Level  $\leq 3$ 

· Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Leather gloves

Strong material gloves

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

according to EN 166

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- General Information

· Physical state Solid · Colour: White

Odour: Like bitter almonds

(Contd. on page 8)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

	(Contd. of pag
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling	
range	Undetermined.
Flammability	Not determined.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
Flash point:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
pH at 20°C (68°F)	10.9 (10%)
Viscosity:	10.5 (1070)
r iscosity. Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable
•	Not applicable.
Dynamic:	Not applicable.
Solubility	C-11.1-
water:	Soluble.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.
Vapour pressure:	Not applicable.
Density and/or relative density	N 1
Density:	Not determined.
Relative density	Not determined.
Bulk density:	$1,110 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
Solvent content:	-
Solids content:	100.0 %
Change in condition	
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
•	
	C
Explosives	Void
Explosives Flammable gases	Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols	Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases	Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure	Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids	Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Information with regard to physical hazard classe Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures Oxidising liquids	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void
Explosives Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures Oxidising liquids	Void Void Void Void Void Void Void Void



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 8)

· Desensitised explosives

Void

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with acids releases very toxic gases

Reacts with acids, alkalis and oxidising agents.

- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: Acids
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid)

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

· LD/LC50	values rele	vant for classification:
ATE (Acua	ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)	
Oral	LD50	6.65 mg/kg
Dermal	LD50	8.93 mg/kg
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	$0.00952 \ mg/l$

CAS: 151-	50-8 Potas	ssium cyanide
Oral	LD50	5 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	LD50	5 mg/kg (ATE)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	0.005  mg/l (ATE)
CAS: 506-	61-6 potas	sium dicyanoargentate
Oral	LD50	5 mg/kg (ATE)
Dermal	LD50	20.9 mg/kg (Rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	0.05  mg/l (ATE)

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not applicable.
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 10)

Heimerle + Meule

Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 9)

· vPvB: Not applicable.

· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

*The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.* 

- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Remark: Very toxic for fish
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities.

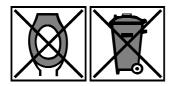
Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Very toxic for aquatic organisms

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation



Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Contact manufacturer for recycling information.

· Waste disposal key:

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Packaging which is uncleaned or soiled with product remains is to be treated like the product itself Packaging free of product remains is to be supplied refuse for recycling. Only if no adequate collecting system is available, they may be disposed of through the domestic rubbish

· Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1588
14.2 UN proper shipping name	
$\cdot ADR$	UN1588 CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S
	(POTASSIUM CYANIDE, potassium dicyanoargentate)
	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS
· IMDG	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S. (POTASSIUM
	CYANIDE, potassium dicyanoargentate), MARINI
	POLLUTANT
·IATA	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S. (POTASSIUN
	CYANIDE, potassium dicyanoargentate)

C 1 1 )



Printing date: 15.12.2022 *Version number 6 (replaces version 5)* Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag

Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 10) · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) · ADR, IMDG 6.1 Toxic substances. · Class · Label  $\cdot$  IATA 6.1 Toxic substances. · Class · Label 6.1 · 14.4 Packing group Ι · ADR, IMDG, IATA · 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant: Symbol (fish and tree) · Special marking (ADR): Symbol (fish and tree) · 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Toxic substances. · Hazard identification number (Kemler code): · EMS Number: F-A,S-A· Segregation groups (SGG6) Cyanides · Stowage Category SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids · Segregation Code · 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable. · Transport/Additional information: · Limited quantities (LQ) Code: E5 · Excepted quantities (EQ) Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 1 g Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 300 g · Transport category 0 · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E5 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 1 g Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 300 g  $\cdot$  IATA · Remarks: 24h emergency contact -(Dangerous goods emergency number)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

	(Contd. of page 11)
•	+49 172 739 6970
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1588 CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S. (POTASSIUM CYANIDE, POTASSIUM DICYANOARGENTATE), 6.1, I, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)

DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 4 July 2012 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances, amending and subsequently repealing Council Directive 96/82/EC

# · GADSL - Global Automotive Declarable Substance List

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category

H1 ACUTE TOXIC

El Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 20 t
- · National regulations:
- · Technical instructions (air):

Class	Share in %
I	25.0

- · Waterhazard class: .
- · Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations -
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

# SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### · Reasons for revise

If necessary, this saftey data sheet can revised according to legal guidelines.

Our current version for your reference is available on our website www.heimerle-meule.com

#### · Relevant phrases

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H300 Fatal if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

(Contd. on page 13)



Printing date: 15.12.2022 Version number 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 15.12.2022

Trade name: Silver salt SCANDIA 360, 135 g/kg Ag Silbersalz SCANDIA 360, 135 g Ag/kg

(Contd. of page 12)

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

*H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.* 

EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

### Department issuing SDS:

Abteilung BASU - Bau/Arbeitssicherheit/Umwelt Department BASU - Construction / Occupational Safety / Environment

sds@heimerle-meule.com

#### · Contact:

Herr Thomas Knuth

thomas.knuth@heimerle-meule.com

sds@heimerle-meule.com

#### · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)

AwSV: Ordinance on facilities for handling water-polluting substances (German regulation).

TRGS: Technical rules for hazardous substances (German regulation)

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Met. Corr.1: Corrosive to metals - Category 1

Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity - Category 1

Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category I

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1 
\* Data compared to the previous version altered.

-GB