High-gold Veneering Alloy, Type 4

Item no. 7387 3 001
Delivery form Casting plates
Indication
crown technique
longer span bridges,
milling-, conus- and telescope technique
model casting

Alloy: Au 26 Pt 10 Pd 25

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Density g/cm³</th>
<th>Composition content in % (m/m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Light yellow</td>
<td>12.8</td>
<td>Au 62.0  Pt 26.0  Pd 10.0 Ru 1.0 Ag 33.0 Zn 4.0 In 1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The alloy is free of Ni, Co, Cr, Be, Cd.

Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vickers hardness HV 5/30</th>
<th>Proof stress MPa</th>
<th>Elongation %</th>
<th>Modulus of elasticity MPa</th>
<th>Average linear CTE μm/m·K</th>
<th>Melting range °C</th>
<th>Preheating temp. °C</th>
<th>Casting temp. °C</th>
<th>Annealing °C min</th>
<th>Hardening °C min</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>205</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>480</td>
<td>525</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>110.000</td>
<td>14.8</td>
<td>15.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

g = after casting, n = after firing, a = hardened

Solders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Solder</th>
<th>Working temp. °C</th>
<th>Composition content in % (m/m) (x=0.1%)</th>
<th>Colour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Au</td>
<td>Pt</td>
<td>Ir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary solder/ before firing</td>
<td>PLATINOR® CPF-Lot 1</td>
<td>1030</td>
<td>64.0</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary solder/ after firing</td>
<td>PLATINOR® CPF-Lot 2</td>
<td>710</td>
<td>73.0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Instruction for use

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Instruction for use BEDRA DENT® ÖKO-2

1. **Modelling**
   - Create an anatomically reduced wax model, considering the planned veneering. Sharp edges are to be avoided, soft level crossings are to be striven at.
   - Due to stability reasons, care has to be taken at bridge frames to achieve solid modulation of the connections and in the case of larger spans to create palatal and interdental strength of the connecting parts. Wall thickness of the modelled (waxed) single crowns at least 0.4 (0.3) mm, bridge pillar crowns at least 0.5 (0.4) mm.

2. **Spruing System**
   - **Single crown:**
     - Direct spruing with casting channel at least Ø 3.5 mm
   - **From 2 single crowns on and bridges:**
     - Running bars or rings with object spruing:
       - 3.0 x Ø 3.0 mm
       - running bars/rings Ø 4.0 – Ø 5.0 mm
     - Casting channels Ø 3.5 – Ø 4.0 mm

3. **Position of the Wax Model in the Investment Mould**
   - **Distance from the mould wall:**
     - The units should have at least 5-10 mm distance from the mould wall.
   - **Distance from the mould bottom:**
     - Direct spruing between wax units and mould bottom a distance of 10 – 15 mm has to be kept. Investment of running bars or rings: the middle of the running bar or ring should cover the middle of the mould.

4. **Investment**
   - Cover investment mould with investment ring spacer.
   - Investment mould X 1 / X 3: 1 layer
   - Investment mould X 6 / X 9: 1 – 2 layers
   - Phosphate bonded investment material is required.
   - The investment material manufacturer’s instructions for use have to be complied with strictly.

5. **Burnout / Preheating**
   - Burnout immediately after drying time of the investment material at 290-300°C according to the mould size for respectively 30/40/50/60 min. Preheating time is according to the mould size 20/30/40/50 min at 850°C. If handling a greater number of mould, the preheating time has to be extended respectively. The preheating time is specific to the alloy and should be observed.

6. ** Crucible Material**
   - Ceramic and graphite crucibles can be used.

7. **Casting Units**
   - All common melting and casting units can be used.

8. **Casting**
   - Further heating times after reaching the liquidus temperature according to the quantity of material used and unit output.
   - Resistance heating
     - 60 – 120 sec.
   - High frequency
     - 5 – 10 sec.
   - Propane / Oxygen torch
     - 5 – 10 sec.
   - In the case of torch melting, pay attention to the correct setting of the torch (danger of carbon damage) and melt with the reduced zone.

9. **Casting Residues**
   - In order to preserve the alloy characteristics and the casting quality, no more than 35 % cleaned casting residues should be used.
   - The weight used is calculated from: wax weight x alloy density (see Heimerle + Meule calculation sheet).

10. **Cooling and Divestment**
    - Let mould cool down to hand temperature and carefully divest. This avoids deviations in fitting, change of alloy characteristics, and hot fissures. Sandblast with high grade corundum (approx. 100 μm) or with an market pickling agent to remove the investment material.

11. **Finishing and Cleaning**
    - Finish frame with tungsten carbide burs and ceramic bonded milling tools with only little pressure; then sandblast surface with aluminium oxide (approx. 100 μm) at low pressure (max.2 bar).
    - Then steamclean the frame and degrease it with a suitable pickling agent (e.g. AMISUL). During grinding sufficient protection against dust inhalation has to be taken.

12. **Oxidation**
    - 5 min at 850°C without vacuum.
    - If the oxide layer shows spots, grind the frame again and repeat the work steps (see point 11). Thereafter we recommend pickling the object with AMUSUL (12 -15 min, at 70°C)

13. **Firing of the Ceramic**
    - The alloy is suited for conventional ceramics, max. firing temperature 950°C, like INSPIRATION.
    - Firing cycles should be performed in compliance with the manufacturer’s recommendations.

14. **Firing Process**
    - After each firing cycle, the object is to be cooled down according to the CTE of 14.5μm/m K at a middle speed. Ensure secure support of the frame during firing by pins or casted loops; otherwise individual firing supports (fireproof stump mass) must be used.

15. **Soldering**
    - Soldering areas have to be sufficiently big and should already be considered during modelling.
    - Soldering areas have to be metallically blank.
    - The solder gap should be 0.05 – 0.2 mm.
    - Recommended soldering
      - Solder before firing: PLATINOR® CPF-Lot 1
      - Solder after firing: PLATINOR® CPF-Lot 2
      - Slowly cool down the soldering object.

16. **Hardening**
    - After casting/firing BEDRA DENT ÖKO-2 shows a sufficiently high density for its area of indication. If required, the maximum hardening can be reached through final tempering at 500°C / 5 min.

17. **Pickling and Polishing**
    - Remove flux residues or oxides by pickling in AMISUL at about 80°C or by sandblasting. Rubber-wheel the frame; final polishing can be accomplished with pastes, brushes, buffing wheels, and felt.

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Our recommendations and instructions for use are based on our experience. They do not, however, replace professional knowledge and experience of dentists and dental technicians who hold sole responsibility for their decisions to select and process particular alloys. Our customer service is a non-mandatory service not establishing any liability. Warranty and damage claims are limited to the contracted contents of our General Terms and Condition.